



Financial Aid Handbook

2018 - 2019

Faith Theological Seminary
529 Walker Avenue
Baltimore, Maryland 21212
Website: www.FTS.edu
Phone: (410) 323 – 6211
Fax: (410) 323 – 6331

Addendum effective February 4, 2019

- Leave of Absence Policy
- Time Limits for Degree Completion

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Financial Aid Options for FTS Students

Faith Theological Seminary's (FTS) Financial Aid Office has one simple goal: to provide current and prospective students with the best possible assistance to facilitate their education goals.

Our students receive awards, scholarships, and grants from a variety of sources. Before applying for financial aid, FTS expects each student to meet his or her financial obligations through personal funds saved for education and by building a personal support network. A personal support network may include the student's home church, denomination, and people to whom the student has ministered, friends, family, clubs, and foundations.

We also believe that no qualified student should be discouraged from pursuing seminary for merely financial reasons. We have established the financial aid program to supplement students' own financial resources.

Federal Grants

These need-based awards are available to undergraduate students only and do not normally have to be repaid.

Pell Grant

Eligibility depends upon family income and ability to pay for higher education. The FAFSA is used by the government to determine the student's eligibility and amount of grant available. The amount awarded depends upon the number of courses taken and the student's Estimated Family Contribution (EFC). Undergraduate students may receive a Federal Pell Grant each semester of attendance depending upon eligibility and number of courses taken.

Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG)

FSEOG is awarded to an undergraduate student with a low EFC. FTS provides 25% of the award in the form of a scholarship and federal funding supplies the remaining 75%. The smallest annual award is \$400 for a student who attends summer, fall, and spring terms, and this amount will be prorated if the student attends less than three terms. Funds are first awarded to Pell recipients with a 0 EFC.

The availability of excess FSEOG funds will be evaluated in the spring semester after all Pell recipients with a 0 EFC have been awarded, and if excess funds exist, those students enrolled in the spring term will be eligible. Funds will next be awarded to Pell recipients with an EFC 1-100, followed by Pell recipients with an EFC between 101-200, 201-300, etc. If funds remain after these groups are exhausted, the next selection group will begin again with those who have an EFC of 0 with the exception being the award will then go to those who did not receive Pell Grant funds.

If FTS is unable to award the minimum amount (\$100 if the student was enrolled in the spring) to all persons in a selected group, a random sample from the group that is small enough to allow at least the minimum award will be determined.

Federal Student Loans

The most common form of aid is the William D. Ford Direct Loan Program or Direct Loans. This aid is administered directly through the U.S. Department of Education. These loans are also referred to as Direct Loans or by the name Title IV Aid which refers to the Federal code that governs the administration of federal funds for educational purposes. These names - Direct Loans and Title IV funds - may be used interchangeably to refer to the federal aid we administer here at FTS.

The administration of Title IV funds is regulated by strict federal law, which must be faithfully followed by all financial aid administrators and is overseen by the Department of Education. The law determines the criteria by which a student is deemed eligible for Title IV funds. The law also determines the requirements for processing and managing those funds. All students who wish to receive financial aid in the form of federal direct loans must adhere to these laws as well.

The Title IV aid offered at FTS is called Direct Loans: subsidized loans (need-based aid) and unsubsidized loans (non-need based). Need is determined by the federal government through the FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid) process. Both subsidized and unsubsidized loans for graduate students have an interest rate posted on <https://studentaid.ed.gov/>. The U.S. government pays the interest on subsidized loans while the student is enrolled at least half time (at least six credit hours). The interest starts to accrue on both loans when the funds are released. Students would be wise to make careful consideration when deciding how much of the available loan funds to accept.

It is important that each student loan borrower is informed about their rights and responsibilities under the Title IV loan program. This information is given to each student new to Title IV at FTS during their financial aid Student Interview.

Tuition Discounts

Senior Citizen Discount

Students age sixty or older are eligible for a twenty percent tuition discount.

Disability Discount

Students receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) benefits are eligible for a twenty percent tuition discount when documentation is submitted to the Business Office.

Veterans Discount

Students who have served in the U.S. Armed Forces are eligible for a twenty percent tuition discount when documentation is submitted to the Business Office.

Spouse Discount

The spouse of a student at Faith Theological Seminary may be eligible to receive a twenty percent tuition discount.

Eligibility & Requirements

- Must be U.S. Citizens or Permanent Residents
- Must maintain full time student status at Faith Theological Seminary
- Must maintain a 2.0 GPA

Applying for Federal Student Aid 2017-2018

Information and Documents needed:

- Social Security Number
- Driver's License Number or State Issued ID Number
- 2015 Tax Return
 - When applying for the 2017-2018 Academic Year, please use your 2015 Tax Return, not your 2016 Tax Return.
 - If you are married but filed separately, some information will be required from your spouse's tax return.
- If you are a dependent, one of your parents will also need the above information available
- Two References (name, address, phone numbers)
 - If you are requesting loans, each reference must have a different address.
- Previous academic information (school names, locations, dates attended)

Step 1: Complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid

A FAFSA must be completed once for each Academic Year you are requesting funds.

- Go to the FAFSA website
- Login with your FSA ID.
 - If you do not have an FSA ID, create one now.
 - Your FSA ID is used to log in to Department of Education systems for requesting federal student aid. If you are a dependent, one of your parents will also need an FSA ID to sign your FAFSA.
 - Complete the form and record your login credentials and answers to security questions in a secure manner.
- Complete a FAFSA for the academic year for which you are requesting funds.
- When asked for which school you are requesting funds, you can either search for Faith Theological Seminary, or use the School Code 036673.
- After completing the form, the Confirmation Page will show your EFC number. This number will be required to complete the Student Interview process. The Confirmation Page also shows grant and loan amounts which you may be eligible for.

Step 2: Complete the Virtual Financial Aid Office (VFAO)

Student Interview

The VFAO Student Interview gives FTS the information needed to request Title IV funds. It is separate from the Department of Education systems and requires a different username and password.

- Go to the VFAO website
- Login with your VFAO username and password.
 - If you do not have a username and password, create one now by clicking Register. These credentials are separate from your FSA ID. Record your login credentials, security question and answer in a secure manner.
- Go to the Interviews page and click Start Interview.
- During the interview, you will be asked if you are requesting grants, loans, or both. If you are requesting loans, you will be required to complete a Master Promissory Note (MPN). Once signed, an MPN is valid for 10 years. The MPN contains information regarding your loan request. Carefully review this information before signing.
 - Go to StudentLoans.gov.
 - Login with your FSA ID.
 - Complete the required Entrance Counseling.
 - Complete and sign your MPN.
- After completing the interview by digitally signing and submitting it, you should receive a confirmation email.
- When your Student Interview has been processed, you may receive Verification Requests as detailed in the next step.
- If no additional verification is needed, you will receive an email regarding aid disbursement amount and dates.

Step 3: Verification Requests

Some applicants will be required to submit additional documentation. You will be notified by email if additional verification documents are required. Most documents are available at in the Forms & Documents section of the VFAO. Once completed, these forms may be scanned and uploaded to the VFAO Tracking Documents page.

Certain documents must be requested from government agencies. These should be requested as soon as possible since some must be sent by physical mail (e.g. paper IRS Student Tax Transcripts or Selective Services Verification letters).

Status of Application

To check the status of your financial aid application, visit the Student Interview Center on the VFAO website.

Determining Eligibility and Ineligibility

Determining financial aid eligibility is the joint responsibility of the federal government and the school. The FAFSA process determines a student's EFC (Expected Family Contribution) with which need based-aid is calculated. Federal law also determines specific eligibility restrictions. For example, students who do not meet specific citizenship requirements are not eligible for federal aid. A student's past loan history can also affect future loan eligibility. A student's loan history may be viewed by visiting the National Student Loan Data System's website: www.nslds.ed.gov. The Financial Aid administrator is responsible for adhering to these eligibility requirements. The FA officer is also responsible for monitoring the school based eligibility requirements.

Common reasons why funding is withheld

Failure to complete Entrance counseling or Master Promissory Note

A federal loan borrower must complete one counseling session upon entering the federal loan program. A completed Master Promissory Note is also required before Federal funds can be disbursed. You can complete your Master Promissory Note and counseling session online: www.StudentLoans.gov. You will need your FSA ID to sign into the website.

Failure to complete verification process

Failing to provide the Business Office with the requested documentation will result in ineligibility.

Failure to meet enrollment minimum

Please contact the Business Office if you plan to enroll less than full-time. Your award will be adjusted accordingly. If you enroll less than half time, you will not be eligible to receive federal loans. If you drop below 6 credit hours within the semester you may lose your financial aid eligibility and be required to repay any aid for which you are not eligible.

Failure to meet Satisfactory Academic Progress (SAP)

You will be placed in a FA warning status or have your aid denied should you drop below the minimum SAP requirement. See the next section on Satisfactory Academic Progress for details.

Satisfactory Academic Progress (SAP)

Students (both full-time and part-time) of all degree programs are evaluated after each term to make sure they are making satisfactory academic progress. Students will be notified in writing

if they fail to maintain the standard. Students whose cumulative grade point average (GPA) falls below “C” (2.00) after completing nine or more credits will be placed on academic probation for the following term. The Academic Committee individually reviews all students placed on academic probation to determine whether or not they will be eligible to continue taking courses for credit toward their program. If they are deemed so eligible, the committee will set forth the conditions under which they may do so. Students who remain on academic probation for two consecutive terms are subject to academic dismissal. The Academic Committee will review the academic progress of students within twenty days of the end of each term. Copies of the academic probation report will be maintained in the Academic Office.

Students receiving Title IV assistance and who fail to make satisfactory academic progress may apply to the Business Office to be re-established for aid after they achieve a minimum 2.0 GPA and have completed enough credits to finish their program by the degree time limit. The Business Office will confirm the student’s eligibility with the Academic Committee.

Grade Scale

To remain in good academic standing at FTS, a student must maintain a 2.00 grade point average.

To distinguish various levels of academic achievement in fulfillment of course requirements, the Seminary employs the following grading symbols:

Standing	Grade points	Percentages
Exceptional	A = 4.0 points	94 - 100
	A- = 3.6 points	90 - 93
Above average	B+ = 3.3 points	87 - 89
	B = 3.0 points	84 - 86
	B- = 2.6 points	80 - 83
Average	C+ = 2.3 points	77 - 79
	C = 2.0 points	74 - 76
	C- = 1.6 points	70 - 73
Below average	D+ = 1.3 points	67 - 69
	D = 1.0 points	64 - 66
	D- = 0.6 points	60 - 63
Failure	F = 0.0 points	below 60
Withdraw Passing	WP = no points	-
Withdraw Failing	WF = 0.0 points	-

Time Limits for Degree Completion

The minimum and maximum time limitations for the following degrees are effective upon acceptance by FTS into the particular degree program.

- BAR (120 credits) 4-6 years
- M.Div. (90 credits) 3-5 years
- D.Min. (30 credits) 2-3 years
- Th.D. (60 credits) 3-5 years

The maximum timeframe is 150% of the normal timeframe for the program. Any student exceeding these program time limitations must reactivate and will be required to complete the degree program under the published guidelines set forth in the catalog in effect when reactivation into the program occurs.

Students understand that all course withdrawals and course repeats potentially lengthen the time they will need to complete their programs. Course withdrawals and failures are counted as credits attempted but not earned. Students receiving Title IV assistance may only receive aid for a repeat class they have not passed before, and they may only receive aid once for such a repeat course.

Student Incompliance, Warnings, and Appeals

Financial Aid Warning

Students who are not in compliance with the SAP policy are considered to be in an unsatisfactory status. A student whose status is determined to be below the minimum cumulative GPA or is exceeding the maximum timeframe for his/her degree program will be placed in a Financial Aid Warning status. A student is still eligible to receive aid while in warning status for one semester. If a student has not met minimum SAP requirements at the end of that semester, the student will be placed on Financial Aid Dismissal and will no longer be eligible to receive aid until the student achieves the minimum SAP. The student may be reinstated after demonstration of the ability to meet minimum SAP standards.

Right to Appeal

Students who have had eligibility for Title IV aid suspended due to unsatisfactory academic progress may appeal to the Business Office for an extension of time to meet the standards detailed in this policy. A student whose academic performance was affected by circumstances beyond his/her control including, but not limited to, personal or family accident, illness or crisis; death of a close family member; loss of employment or employment transition; or divorce, may request a review of his or her situation by submitting an appeal in writing to the Business Office. The letter must describe in detail those circumstances and specific information about

how his/her ability to meet the satisfactory progress standards detailed in the FTS policy was affected. The student should describe what has changed that will facilitate the student's ability to meet SAP in the future.

In addition, independently verifiable supporting documentation from a third party is required in most instances. Documentation may include a letter from a medical practitioner, lawyer, priest, or pastor who is familiar with the student's circumstances; copies of bills; or copies of reports from government or local authorities. The documentation must contain the name and telephone number of a contact person in the event that the appeals committee wishes to confirm the authenticity of the documentation or to request additional information. All appeals will be reviewed by the finance committee.

Appeal Decisions and Financial Aid Probation

If the student's appeal is granted, the student will be placed on Financial Aid Probation and given an academic plan that if followed will ensure the student will be able to meet SAP requirements within a specified period of time during which the student may continue to receive financial aid. If the student does not meet the Satisfactory Academic Progress standards after the end of the term of probation, then the student is determined to be ineligible for current and future Title IV aid until the student completes additional coursework sufficient to return to good standing. If the student fails to meet the terms of the academic plan, the student is deemed ineligible to receive aid.

Eligibility when Obtaining Additional Concentrations and Degrees

Students who have completed all of the requirements for a degree, and who have had the degree conferred by FTS and return seeking a second concentration for the degree are not eligible for Title IV aid. In order to be eligible for federal student loans, a student must be seeking a degree.

A graduate may receive federal student loans for the pursuit of a second degree, provided the student has met SAP standards in pursuit of the first degree.

Student Withdrawal from the Seminary Program

Student Withdrawal/Return of Tuition and Title IV Funds

In accordance with federal regulations, when a Title IV aid recipient withdraws from all classes during a term, it is FTS's responsibility to determine the withdrawal date and amount of loan funds that the student has earned. If a student received less assistance than was earned, he/she may be able to receive those funds. On the other hand, if the student received more assistance than earned, the unearned funds must be returned by the school and/or aid

recipient to the Department of Education (ED). If, when the school returns funds to the ED, a balance is created to the student's account, it is the student's responsibility to pay that balance.

Note: The Return of Title IV funds calculation is different from the tuition refund calculation. A student's withdrawal date varies depending on the type of withdrawal.

Traditional Fifteen Week Courses

Courses can be added or dropped up to eight weeks after class begins with the signed approval of the professor involved. Please contact the Academic Office by calling 410-323-6211 ext 111 or complete an Add/Drop Form and return it to the Academic Office. Students dropping a class will receive a refund of the tuition for the class based on the pro-rated schedule listed below and recorded attendance records. Please note a student participating in Title IV Funds is responsible for the difference between the amount due to FTS and the amount covered by Title IV Funds.

Refund Policy

Regular Courses

Any student who withdraws from courses (or the Seminary) in writing, and whose withdrawal is officially approved, may receive a refund of tuition and course related fees as follows:

- 100% if dropped before the first week of classes
- 90% if withdrawal is before the end of the first week of classes
- 80% if withdrawal is before the end of the second week of classes
- 70% if withdrawal is before the end of the third week of classes
- 60% if withdrawal is before the end of the fourth week of classes
- 50% if withdrawal is before the end of the fifth week of classes
- 40% if withdrawal is before the end of the sixth week of classes.
- There are no refunds after the sixth week classes.

Modular (Intensives) Courses

- Courses dropped by the end of the first 4 hours – 100% refund of tuition.
- Courses dropped by the end of the first 8 hours – 50% refund of tuition.
- Courses dropped after the first 8 hours of class – no refund.

Failure to attend class does not constitute withdrawal. It is the student's responsibility to complete a withdrawal (Add/Drop) form for withdrawing from a course. Courses are officially dropped when an Add/Drop form has been signed by the instructor and has been returned to the Business Office and received by the Office of the Registrar. The Registrar will inform the Business Office of the refund allowed. Please allow four (4) weeks for a refund.

Drop/Withdrawal Process

The Academic Office is to be contacted by the student with their intent to either drop a course or withdrawal from the program.

The Business Office will determine the percentage of the term that the student completed and will determine the amount of earned aid based on the percentage of term attended.

The Business Office will determine the amount of unearned aid by subtracting the earned aid from disbursed aid or determine the amount of a post-withdrawal disbursement by subtracting disbursed aid from earned aid.

The Business Office will determine if unearned funds must be returned, that portion which is the school's and the student's share or if a post-withdrawal disbursement is due, determine the sources from which it will be funded.

No Official Withdrawal

If a student ceases attendance without providing official notification, the withdrawal date is the date that is reported as the last date of attendance at an academically related activity by a faculty member on a class roster, grade roster/sheet, or other documented source, e.g., grade book. The faculty member will maintain the documentation of the last date of attendance. If the student fails to officially withdraw due to circumstances beyond the student's control, i.e., illness, accident, grievous personal loss, or other circumstances, the date related to the onset of that circumstance could be used as the withdrawal date.

Exit Counseling after Withdrawal

After withdrawal from FTS, a student must complete the federally required Direct Loan Exit Counseling. If counseling has not been completed, FTS reserves the right to withhold the student's transcripts until the requirement is met. Exit counseling can be completed at www.nsls.ed.gov.

Return of Title IV Funds

If after receiving Title IV Funds for a student, the seminary determines that the student has not registered, the seminary will return the funds to the lender within thirty days of this determination.

If after receiving Title IV Funds for a student, the seminary determines the student is not now eligible for the loan, the seminary will immediately return the funds to the lender within thirty days of this determination

If a student's loan request is subject to verification requirements and verification is not complete, the Title IV Funds will not be received for the student. If, as a result of verification,

the seminary finds that the funds exceed the student's need for a loan, the excess funds will be refused.

If a registered student withdraws or is expelled prior to the first day of classes of the enrollment period for which the loan is intended, or if the seminary is unable to document that the student attended class during the period, the seminary will return to the lender any loan proceeds credited directly by the seminary to the student's account and any loan proceeds disbursed to the student and subsequently paid by the student to the seminary.

If the school determines a refund is due under the seminary's refund policy, loan proceeds will be returned to the lender within thirty days after the date of the student's withdrawal from school or within thirty days after the last day of any approved leave of absence in the case of a student who fails to return to the seminary at the expiration of the leave.

The school will use the required federal Return of Title IV worksheets to calculate the total aid earned by a withdrawn student. Funds are returned in the following order: FDSL Unsubsidized Loan, FDSL Subsidized Loan, PLUS Loan, and Pell Grant. The same percentage of earned aid is applied to the amount of aid the school is able to accept to pay institutional charges. For example, if, as in the example above, a student has only earned thirty percent of the aid, the school may only apply aid to thirty percent of the institutional charges. This, however, does not release the student from the responsibility to pay the remaining seventy percent of the institutional charges if the student withdrew after the "Last day to withdraw with partial refund" as determined in the academic calendar. If all the aid has been disbursed at the time of the student's withdrawal, the school is only responsible to return its percentage of the institutional charges. The student must pay the remainder of excess aid to the Department of Education. Any balance left on the student's account after a Title IV return calculation must be paid before the student can re-enroll in classes, receive transcripts, or utilize any other service of the school.

If the total amount of the Title IV loan funds earned as of the withdrawal date is more than the amount that was disbursed to the student, the difference between the two amounts will be treated as a post-withdrawal disbursement. In the event that there are outstanding charges on the student's account, FTS will credit the student's account for post-withdrawal disbursement of loan funds, up to the amount of the allowable charges. Any remaining funds will be disbursed to the student in the form of a check no later than 14 days after the funds have been credited to the student's account, unless otherwise instructed by the student to keep a credit balance on account.

If a percentage of Title IV aid is earned the withdrawal date is used to determine the percentage of the payment period completed by the student. If a student completed more than

60% of the payment period the percentage earned is 100%. If less than 60% is earned, the period earned is equal to the percentage of the payment period that was completed. The percentage of payment period completed is calculated by dividing the total number of class days in the payment period into the number of class days completed in the period.

Example 1: John is registered for three classes in the winter term which begins January 5 and ends March 30. John informs the academic office on February 11th that he is dropping all courses in the winter term. John has attended 38 calendar days of the 85 calendar day term and has earned 45% in Title IV aid. John's tuition charges totaled \$3,915.00 and an unsubsidized loan of \$2,000 has been disbursed to his student account. John has earned \$978 of his aid. The school must return \$1,021 to the loan provider within 45 days of the students drop.

Enrollment Reporting

All Title IV participating schools are required to report the enrollment status of all Title IV Fund recipients to the National Student Loan Data System or NSLDS. Those students who have received funds in the past and still have loans waiting repayment but are not currently receiving federal funds are included in this enrollment reporting. Lenders use this information to determine a student's eligibility for loan deferment. All subsidized and unsubsidized loans receive a six month grace period during which a student does not need to make payments. That grace period begins once a student drops below half-time enrollment status. This grace period is intended to provide student loan borrowers the opportunity to find employment after graduation before beginning loan repayment. However, any student who withdraws to below half-time, enrolls less than half-time, or takes a semester off will lose some or all of this grace period and will have loan payments begin immediately upon graduation. Students who take a semester off or withdraw from all coursework may lose their in-school deferment status, as well. The National Student Loan Data System has an online borrower portal for borrowers to obtain copies of their student loan history. Students who wish to review their loan history may visit www.nsls.ed.gov.

Leave of Absence

A Title IV recipient who wishes to temporarily cease attendance due to unforeseen or unusual circumstances may request an Approved Leave of Absence (LOA). A LOA must be requested in writing either by letter or the completion of a Leave of Absence Request Form (obtained from the Financial Aid Office) before the last day of attendance and may not be for longer than 180 days within a twelve month period. During a LOA, a student is not considered withdrawn and no return of funds calculation is required but the student is not eligible to receive additional Title IV funds. No additional charges will be added to a student's account. It is the seminary's policy that only the amount of days absolutely needed for this leave is permitted. If a student

fails to return at the end of the LOA he/she will be considered withdrawn and reported as such to NSLDS thus causing the loss of all or a portion of the grace period. A Return to Title IV calculation does not need to be performed for a student who has been granted an Approved Leave of Absence. Since courses in the Bachelor of Arts in Religion degree are scheduled to run every other year, students who request an LOA are counseled to withdraw from studies to ensure they can resume the same course load offered before their LOA.

A LOA request must be signed, dated, and contain the specific reasons for the request. The following reasons support the application for a LOA (though others may be considered): illness or injury to student or immediate family, maternity, divorce, military deployment, jury duty, etc. A student must submit the LOA request to the Financial Aid Director for approval or denial prior to the last day of attendance. In the case of a sudden or unavoidable incident, this requirement may be waived at the discretion of the Financial Aid Director.

Graduation and Repayment of Title IV Funds

As graduation approaches, a prospective graduate will need to consider how to fulfill the federal and school requirements for leaving the Title IV Aid program. Graduates will also need to consider which repayment option best suits their financial situation. FTS's financial aid administrator is prepared to help prospective graduates make that determination and to plan for future student loan debt management. Many of FTS's degrees can lead to careers that could qualify for Public Service Loan Forgiveness available through the Department of Education.

Exit Counseling

Direct Loan Exit Counseling is a federal requirement and can be completed by visiting www.nslds.ed.gov. A student will need the following:

- FSA ID
- Social Security Number and birth date
- Complete contact information for two personal references (one relative)

Once completed, a report will be made available to the FTS financial aid administrator. If counseling has not been completed, FTS reserves the right to withhold the student's transcripts until the requirement is met.

Exit Interview with Financial Aid Administrator

FTS's financial aid staff will remain available to all FTS graduates should any guidance be needed concerning student debt and repayment at any time after the diploma has been awarded.

Deferment and Forbearance

Borrowers who find they are having difficulty meeting their payments for their student loans should contact their lender. Lenders are usually willing to help borrowers who find themselves temporarily unable to make their student loan payments by either placing the loans in forbearance or deferment. Remember borrowers who default on their student loans may find their credit rating adversely affected and may find it difficult to finance a mortgage or car. The federal government has the power to garnish wages. Federal loans cannot be dismissed through bankruptcy.

Program Requirements for FTS Students

The FTS Admissions Office welcomes all men and women to apply for study, and assesses each applicant on the basis of academic ability, personal characteristics, and educational and ministry goals and objectives. To be considered for any of the programs at FTS, the student must complete the appropriate application form, including all required elements of the application.

Admission Requirements for the BAR

All applicants for the BAR program must be nearing completion of a High School Diploma program. All applicants must have earned a High School Diploma, or equivalent, before being accepted into the program.

Admission Requirements for the M.Div.

All applicants for the M.Div. program must be nearing completion of a Bachelors degree before applying for the M.Div. program. In order to be accepted into the program, all applicants must have completed a Bachelors degree from a college or university.

Admission Requirements for the D.Min. Program

Applicants for the Doctor of Ministry program must be nearing completion of a Master of Divinity, or have academic preparation equivalent to the M.Div. degree. In order to be accepted into the program, all applicants must have completed a M.Div. degree. All applicants must have passed satisfactorily at least Hebrew 1-2 and Greek 1-2 (or equivalents).

Ability-to-Benefit Policy

Faith Theological Seminary does not admit Ability-to-Benefit students. Faith Theological Seminary does not participate in Ability-to-Benefit. Applicants must have graduated high school, have a GED, and/or have 24 transferrable credits from an accredited college/university in order to be considered for admission.